



Social Studies 11

Examination Booklet
2011–2012 Sample Exam
Form A

DO NOT OPEN ANY EXAMINATION MATERIALS UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO.
FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS REFER TO THE RESPONSE BOOKLET.

PART A: SELECTED RESPONSE

Value: 70%

Suggested Time: 50 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: For each question, select the **best** answer and record your choice on the **Response Booklet** provided. Using an HB pencil, completely fill in the bubble that has the letter corresponding to your answer.

You have **Examination Booklet Form A**. In the box above #1 on your **Response Booklet**, fill in the bubble as follows.

Exam Booklet Form/ Cahier d'examen	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Use the following placards to answer question 1.



1. Which political ideology is best represented by these slogans?
 - A. fascism
 - B. liberalism
 - C. communism
 - D. conservatism

Use the following table to answer question 2.

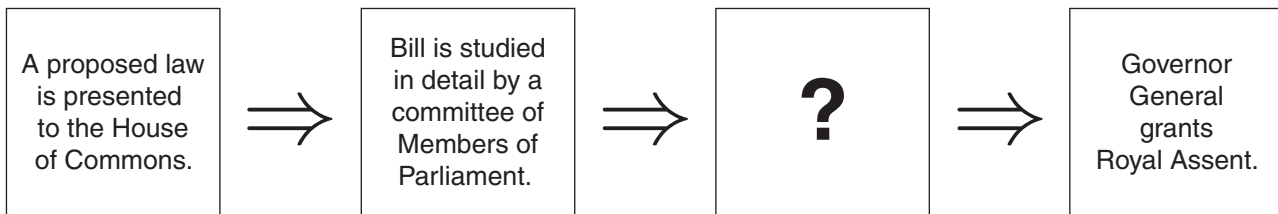
**Contributions to Political Parties, 1997
(in Millions of Dollars)**

	Party W	Party X	Party Y	Party Z
Money from Corporations	11.7	6.4	1.9	—
Money from Individuals	5.7	4.5	8.7	5.8
Money from Unions	—	—	—	2.1

2. Which political party in this chart historically represents the New Democratic Party?

- A. Party W
- B. Party X
- C. Party Y
- D. Party Z

Use the following chart to answer question 3.



3. Which statement completes the chart?

- A. Senate approves the bill.
- B. Cabinet examines the contents of the bill.
- C. Bill receives the Prime Minister's signature.
- D. Bill fails on its Third Reading in the House of Commons.

4. What is a primary function of the Cabinet?

- A. to appoint the Governor General
- B. to grant patronage to opposition members
- C. to assist the Prime Minister in policy making
- D. to give Royal Assent to bills passed in the House of Commons

5. How does the legislative process for an order-in-council differ from that of other laws?
- A. It is issued directly by the Cabinet.
 - B. It is passed after the House is recalled.
 - C. It requires only the consent of the Senate.
 - D. It relies on the authority of the Supreme Court.
6. What is a similarity between lobbying and petitioning?
- A. They are sources of tax revenue.
 - B. They are types of civil disobedience.
 - C. They are strategies to influence government.
 - D. They are examples of political party discipline.

Use the following newspaper headline to answer question 7.



7. What circumstance must have changed to result in this headline?
- A. a rise in Canada's emigration rate
 - B. growth in the province's population
 - C. provincial support for the government
 - D. an increase in the parliamentary budget

8. What occurs at the nomination stage of the electoral process?
- A. The ballots are counted in ridings.
 - B. The government temporarily ceases to exist.
 - C. The party leaders engage in televised debates.
 - D. The candidates are selected by political parties.
9. With which headline would a coalition government be associated?
- A. “Government members display party solidarity”
 - B. “Opposition members vote with government on bill”
 - C. “Independent members form a new Opposition Party”
 - D. “Opposing parties join together to govern the country”
10. What is a primary purpose of the Canadian constitution?
- A. to set policy in foreign affairs
 - B. to establish guidelines for federal budgets
 - C. to define powers of the provincial and federal governments
 - D. to address regional differences between eastern and western provinces
11. Through what means can government make changes to the Canadian constitution?
- A. by introducing an order-in-council
 - B. by passing a private member’s bill
 - C. by invoking the notwithstanding clause
 - D. by meeting the terms of the amending formula

Use the following newspaper article to answer question 12.



12. Which section of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms cleared the accused driver of wrongdoing?
- A. legal rights
 - B. equality rights
 - C. mobility rights
 - D. democratic rights

Use the following list to answer question 13.

- Chanak Affair
- Halibut Treaty
- King-Byng Crisis

13. What do each of these events have in common?
- A. They sparked large protests across Canada.
 - B. They are related to growth in Canada's trade.
 - C. They contributed to greater Canadian autonomy.
 - D. They caused tension between Canada and the United States.

14. What was Prime Minister Borden's goal for Canada at the Paris Peace Conference?
- A. to receive territorial gains
 - B. to patriate the constitution
 - C. to provide collective security
 - D. to achieve international recognition

Use the following statement and map to answer question 15.

Fighting together for the first time, the Canadian Expeditionary Force claimed victory over the Germans where allies had failed before.



15. To which location on the map does this statement refer?
- A. W
 - B. X
 - C. Y
 - D. Z

16. How was the Hundred Days Campaign different from other Canadian military engagements in World War One?
- A. Canadian merchant marines protected supply convoys.
 - B. Canadian pilots fought in the air, allowing ground troops to retreat.
 - C. Canadian troops conducted a war of attrition in mud-filled swamps.
 - D. Canadian soldiers advanced continuously, pushing back enemy forces.

Use the following photographs to answer question 17.



17. Which weapon is credited with leading to the type of warfare depicted in these photographs?
- A. tanks
 - B. airplanes
 - C. machine guns
 - D. poisonous gases
-

18. Which headline is associated with conscription in World War One?
- A. “War profiteers sent to prison”
 - B. “Prices of goods rise dramatically”
 - C. “French and English Canadians divided”
 - D. “Japanese-Canadians forcibly moved inland”

Use the following list to answer question 19.

1. Women declared “persons” under the law.
2. Women permitted to vote in federal elections.
3. First woman elected to House of Commons.

19. What is the correct chronological order for these events?

- A. 1, 2, 3
 - B. 2, 1, 3
 - C. 2, 3, 1
 - D. 3, 2, 1
-

20. Why did Prime Minister Borden refuse to negotiate with the leaders of the Winnipeg General Strike?

- A. He believed the leaders would end prohibition.
- B. He worried the leaders would support relief camps.
- C. He feared the leaders would implement communist policies.
- D. He suspected the leaders would support laissez-faire economics.

Use the following table to answer question 21.

	1919	1929
Privately Owned Vehicles in Canada	267 000	1 900 000
Canadian Homes with Telephones	Under 25%	Over 75%
Newsprint Produced in Canada	862 000 tonnes	2 700 000 tonnes

21. What is a key trend suggested by this table?

- A. rising consumer confidence and spending
- B. falling foreign ownership of the resource sector
- C. declining influence of American popular culture
- D. increasing research and development at Canadian universities

22. What made the Great Depression especially challenging for Canadians living on the Prairies?
- A. widespread drought that destroyed crops
 - B. extensive immigration from eastern European countries
 - C. increasing government intervention in agricultural practices
 - D. declining shipping costs for grain on transcontinental railroads
23. What was a key element of Prime Minister Bennett's New Deal?
- A. to provide federal aid to provincial governments
 - B. to establish large-scale government-funded infrastructure
 - C. to issue a monthly social dividend to impoverished families
 - D. to promote the collective bargaining rights of relief camp workers

Use the following information to answer question 24.

- | |
|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. recession2. prosperity3. depression4. recovery |
|--|

24. What is the correct order of the economic cycle as it applied to Canada from 1925 to 1940?
- A. 1, 3, 4, 2
 - B. 2, 1, 3, 4
 - C. 3, 1, 2, 4
 - D. 4, 2, 3, 1

Use the following map to answer question 25.



25. In which nation did Canadian troops land on D-Day?

- A. W
- B. X
- C. Y
- D. Z

26. What was the outcome of the Battle of Hong Kong for Canadian soldiers?

- A. They defeated enemy forces.
- B. They held onto strategic locations.
- C. They liberated Chinese internment camps.
- D. They were taken prisoner by the Japanese.

27. Why was the Dieppe Raid important to Allied success in World War Two?
- A. The Allies used floating harbours to create temporary ports where ships could unload.
 - B. The Allies were able to stop the threat of submarine warfare to trans-Atlantic shipping.
 - C. The Allies learned valuable lessons to assist them in planning the Normandy Landings.
 - D. The Allies successfully prevented Canadian troops from being captured early in the war.

Use the following statement to answer question 28.

Never in Canadian history had the government controlled the lives of so many and changed the lives of Canadians so much and so swiftly as during World War Two.

28. What government action is reflected by this statement?
- A. the inclusion of women as active participants in combat roles
 - B. the introduction of the right to vote for women during the war
 - C. the mobilization of Canada's entire economy behind the war effort
 - D. the creation of an advisory committee composed of prominent industrialists
-
29. Which newspaper headline describes Canada's response to Japanese-Canadians during World War Two?
- A. "Japanese-Canadians conscripted overseas"
 - B. "Japanese immigrants granted refugee status"
 - C. "Japanese-Canadian internment will protect our nation"
 - D. "Japanese-Canadians become spies for Canadian government"
30. Which of the following foreign policies does Canada support through its membership in the United Nations?
- A. isolationism
 - B. appeasement
 - C. collective security
 - D. trade protectionism

31. Which incident first made Canadians realize Canada was involved in the Cold War?
- A. the detection of a spy ring operating in Canada
 - B. the deployment of combat troops to Southeast Asia
 - C. the installation of radar bases across northern Canada
 - D. the acceptance of nuclear warheads from the United States
32. Which newspaper headline best reflects the findings of the Bilingualism and Biculturalism Commission?
- A. “Japanese seek compensation for head tax”
 - B. “Manitoba MLA derails Meech Lake Accord”
 - C. “French Canadians feel alienated from rest of Canada”
 - D. “American domination feared in Canadian television programming”
33. Which course of action did Canada take at the end of fighting in the Korean War?
- A. It armed missiles with nuclear warheads.
 - B. It joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.
 - C. It established a peacekeeping force within the United Nations.
 - D. It supported a ceasefire between opposing north and south forces.
34. Why did the Canadian government establish the Massey Commission?
- A. to promote Canadian companies internationally
 - B. to analyze the inequalities between provincial economies
 - C. to examine the impact of free trade on Canada’s economy
 - D. to investigate the effect of foreign influence on Canada’s culture
35. What is the goal of the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC)?
- A. to award grants to Canadian artists
 - B. to fund Canadian cultural organizations
 - C. to regulate content in Canadian broadcast media
 - D. to promote the production and distribution of Canadian films

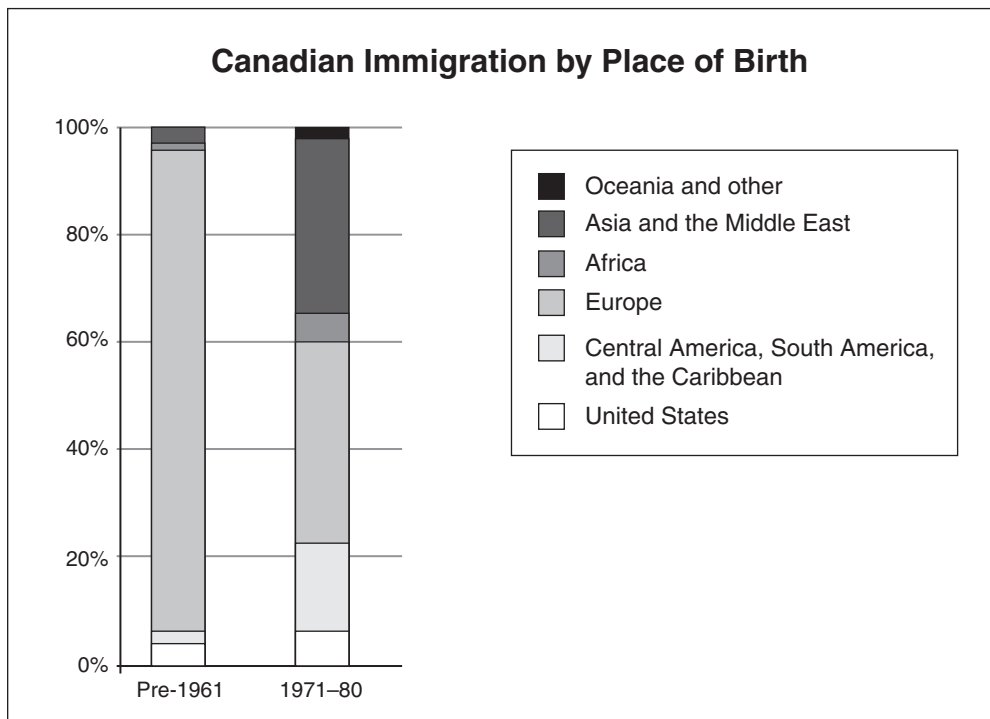
Use the following list to answer question 36.

**Key Milestones in Canada's Development
as a Social Welfare State**

- public pensions
- unemployment insurance
- _____

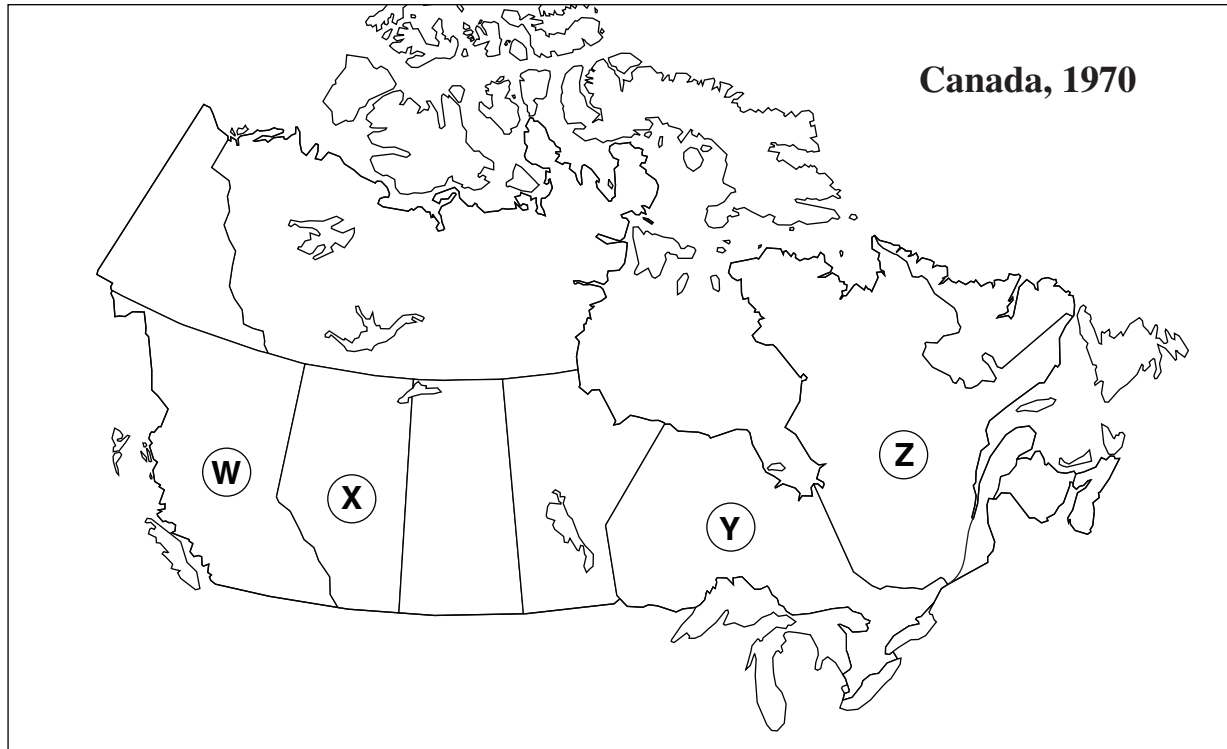
36. Which Canadian social welfare program completes this list?
- A. universal day care
 - B. universal health care
 - C. universal dental plans
 - D. universal life insurance

Use the following chart to answer question 37.



37. Which policy is associated with this shift in immigration from pre-1961 to post-1971 as reflected in this chart?
- A. nationalism
 - B. assimilation
 - C. bilingualism
 - D. multiculturalism

Use the following map to answer question 38.



38. Which province was most affected by the October Crisis?

- A. W
- B. X
- C. Y
- D. Z

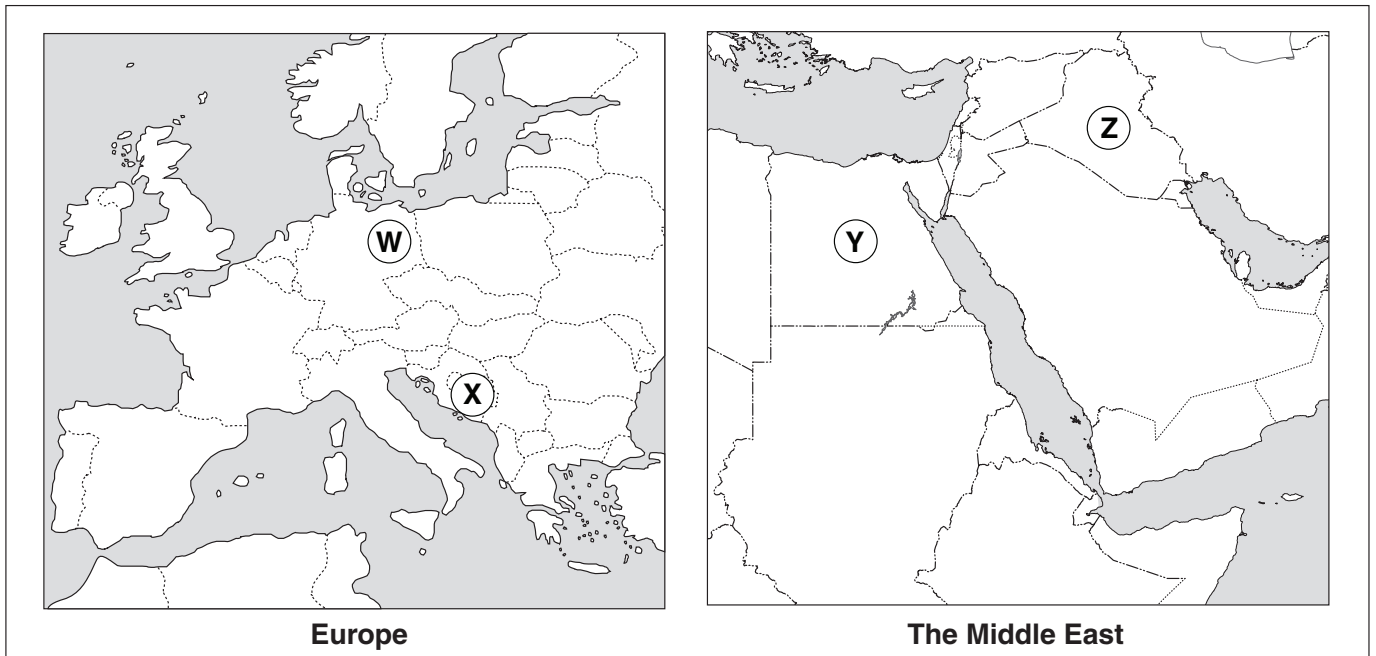
39. What was an outcome of the National Energy Program (NEP)?

- A. increased feeling of western alienation
- B. increased provincial control over resources
- C. greater reliance on renewable energy alternatives
- D. a greater dependence on multinational companies

40. Which ethnic group was charged a special head tax when arriving in Canada?

- A. Jewish
- B. Chinese
- C. German
- D. Japanese

Use the following maps to answer question 41.



41. In which country did Canadian peacekeepers attempt to prevent ethnic cleansing during a civil war?

- A. W
- B. X
- C. Y
- D. Z

Use the following quotation to answer question 42.

“The genocide was brutal, criminal and disgusting and continued for 100 days under the eyes of the international community.”

General Roméo Dallaire, 1994

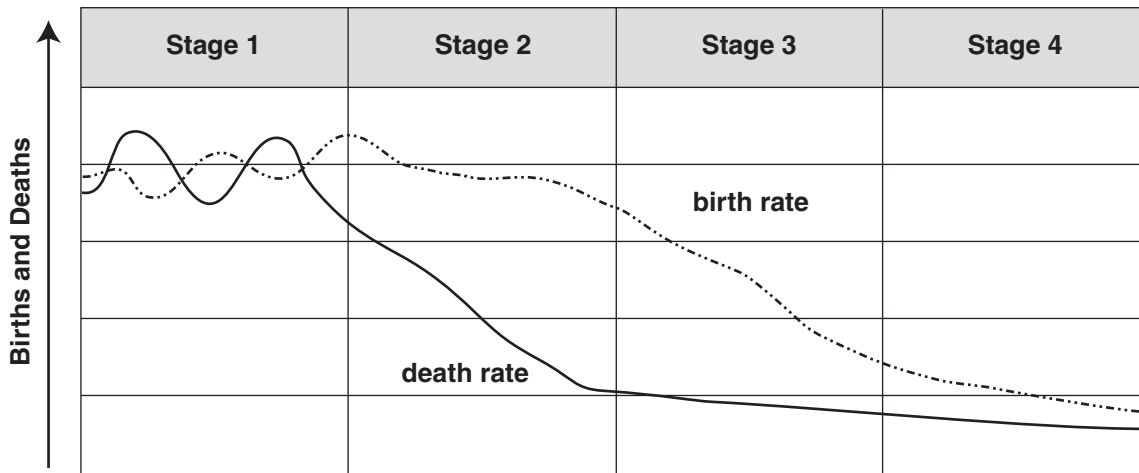
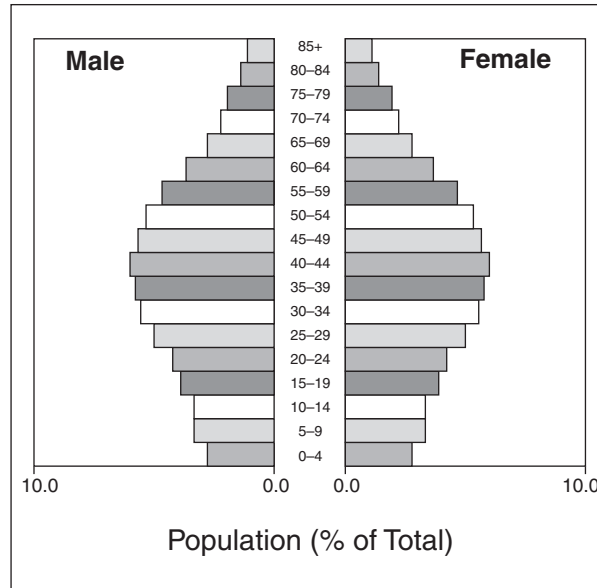
42. To which country does this quotation refer?
- A. Iraq
 - B. Korea
 - C. Rwanda
 - D. Vietnam

Use the following list to answer question 43.

1. the conflict at Oka
2. the signing of the Nisga'a Treaty
3. the establishment of residential schools

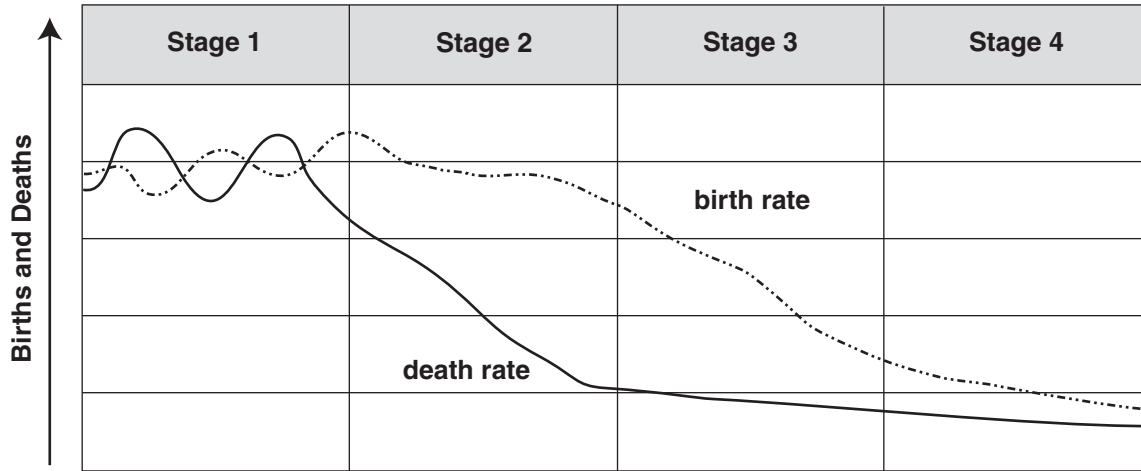
43. What is the chronological order for these events?
- A. 2, 1, 3
 - B. 2, 3, 1
 - C. 3, 1, 2
 - D. 3, 2, 1

Use the following population pyramid and Demographic Transition Model to answer question 44.



44. Which stage of the Demographic Transition Model is associated with this population pyramid?
- A. Stage 1
 - B. Stage 2
 - C. Stage 3
 - D. Stage 4

Use the following Demographic Transition Model to answer question 45.



45. At which stage on the Demographic Transition Model is life expectancy the lowest?
- A. Stage 1
 - B. Stage 2
 - C. Stage 3
 - D. Stage 4

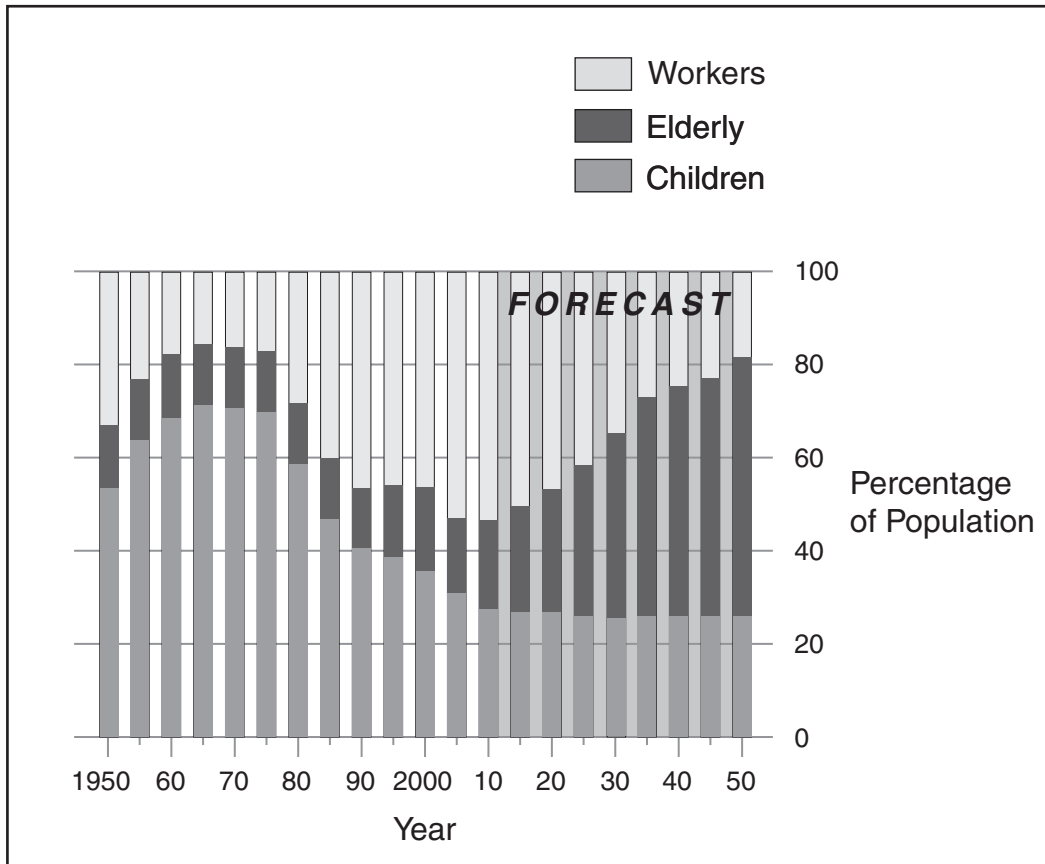
Use the following table to answer question 46.

Country	Population (millions)	Land Area (thousand sq km)
Brazil	198	8514
Poland	38	312
Canada	33	9984
Pakistan	176	796

46. Which country has the highest population density?
- A. Brazil
 - B. Poland
 - C. Canada
 - D. Pakistan

47. Which of the following demographic factors is associated with a rising literacy rate?
- A. rising fertility rates
 - B. increasing doubling time
 - C. improved health-care system
 - D. decreasing migration to urban areas
48. Which factor is associated with the spread of HIV/AIDS in Africa?
- A. low literacy rate
 - B. low fertility rate
 - C. low mortality rate
 - D. low dependency ratio
49. What is the purpose of the United Nations Human Development Index (HDI)?
- A. to regulate women's rights in developing countries
 - B. to record the variety and number of infectious diseases
 - C. to rank nations according to their citizens' quality of life
 - D. to provide food and health care to children in developing countries

Use the following graph to answer question 50.



"World Population Prospects," United Nations, 2009.

50. Which title best represents this graph?

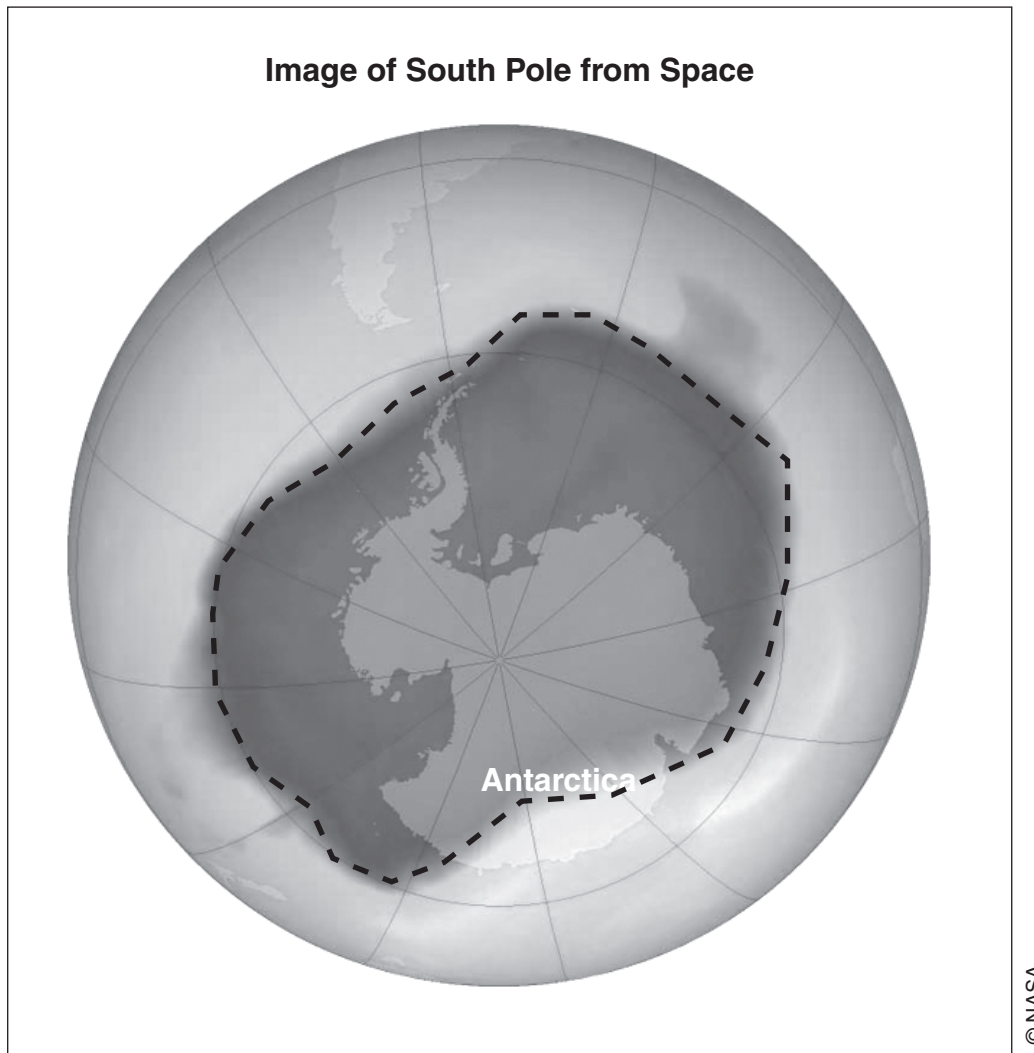
- A. Birth Rate: 1950–2050
- B. Death Rate: 1950–2050
- C. Dependency Ratio: 1950–2050
- D. Adult Literacy Percentage: 1950–2050

51. What is a stated purpose of international debt reduction for developing countries?

- A. to increase investment in military installations
- B. to enable greater spending on social programs
- C. to encourage citizens to start up small businesses
- D. to promote international cooperation between banks

52. What is an example of work performed by the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA)?
- A. supplying agricultural technology to impoverished countries
 - B. sending military personnel to support peacekeeping operations
 - C. developing hydro-electric projects in Canada to export electricity
 - D. regulating trade policies between Asian and Canadian manufacturers
53. What is an effect of global climate change (global warming)?
- A. increased violent storms
 - B. increased pH level in water
 - C. increased rate of skin cancer
 - D. increased ultraviolet radiation

Use the following map to answer question 54.



54. Which environmental challenge is illustrated by this map of Antarctica?

- A. ozone layer depletion
- B. carbon dioxide emissions
- C. improper disposal of toxic wastes
- D. industrial contamination of oceans

55. Which activity is the greatest threat to freshwater quality in Canada?

- A. recreation
- B. agriculture
- C. fish farming
- D. power generation

You have **Examination Booklet Form A**. In the box above #1 on your **Response Booklet**, ensure you filled in the bubble as follows.

Exam Booklet Form/ Cahier d'examen	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

**This is the end of the selected-response section.
Answer the remaining questions directly in the Response Booklet.**

PART B: ESSAY

Value: 30%

Suggested Time: 70 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: Write your answers in **ink** in the space provided in the **Response Booklet**.

No work written in this examination booklet will be marked.

- If information is provided, you may use it to answer the questions.
- Your response should be in a **multi-paragraph format** including an introduction and a conclusion.

- 1. Explain how Canada’s identity has been shaped as a result of its involvement in international affairs from 1914 to 2000. (15%)**

Organization and Planning

Use this space to plan your ideas before writing in the **Response Booklet**.

WRITING ON THIS PAGE WILL NOT BE MARKED

2. Describe the negative impact of population growth on standards of living in the developing world. (15%)

Organization and Planning

Use this space to plan your ideas before writing in the **Response Booklet**.

WRITING ON THIS PAGE WILL NOT BE MARKED

END OF EXAMINATION