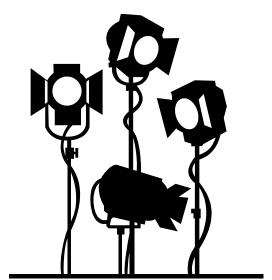
VERY Basic Stage Lighting

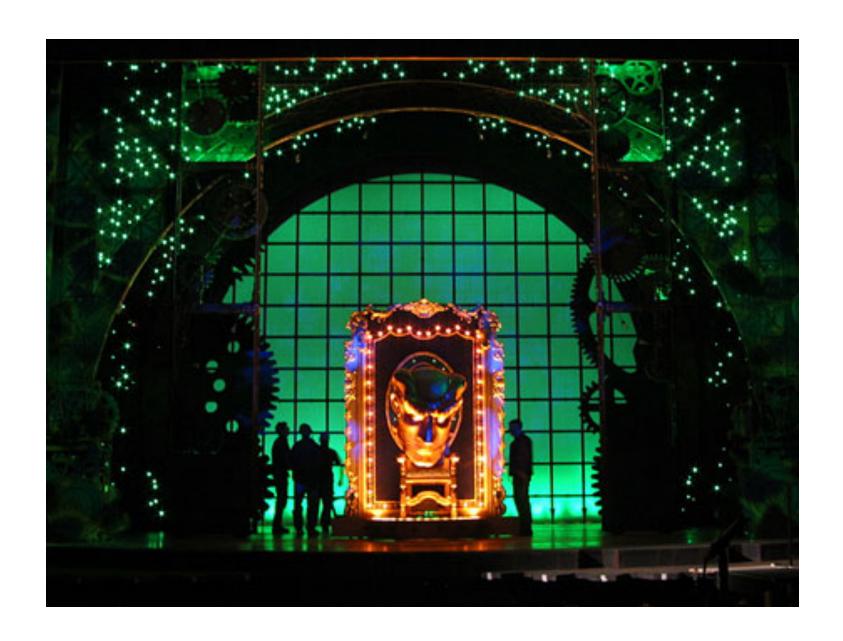




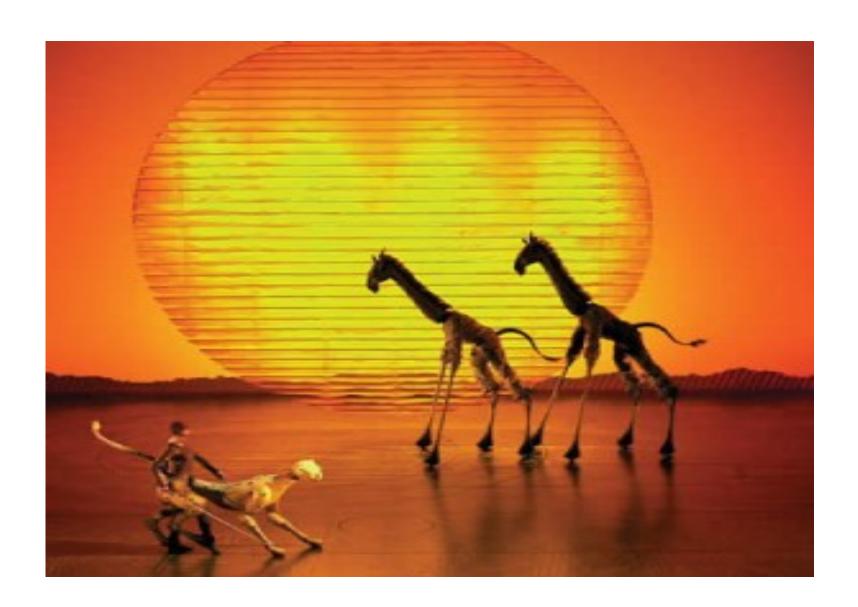
3 Functions of Stage Lighting

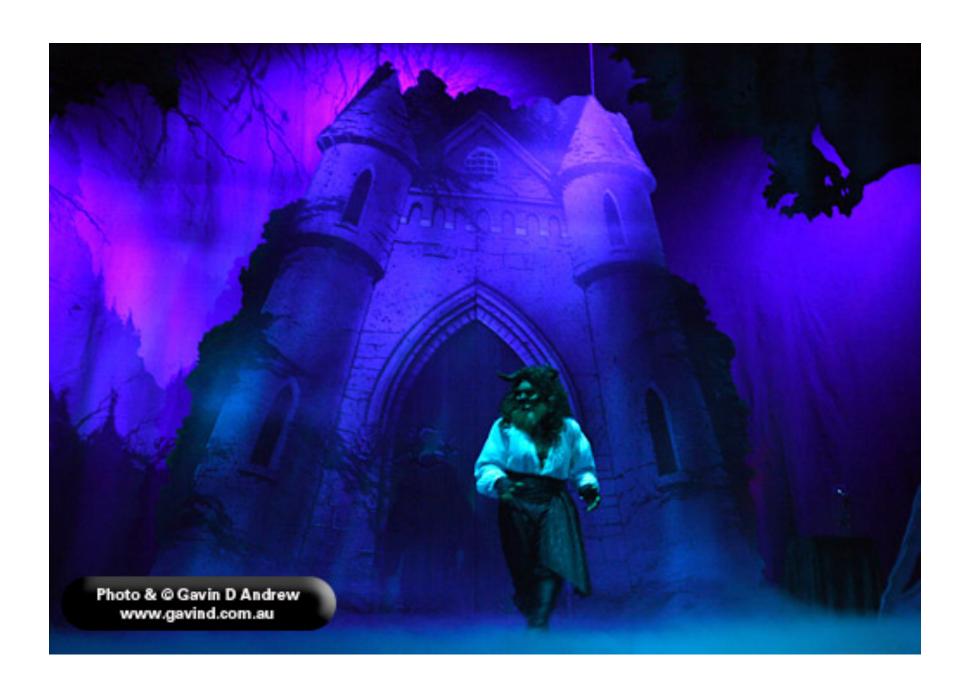
- Visibility the audience has to be able to see the onstage action
- *Emphasis & Mood* bright vs. dim lighting; colors represent mood
- Logic lighting should accurately reproduce obvious light sources; sun, moon, lamps, fireplace, etc.





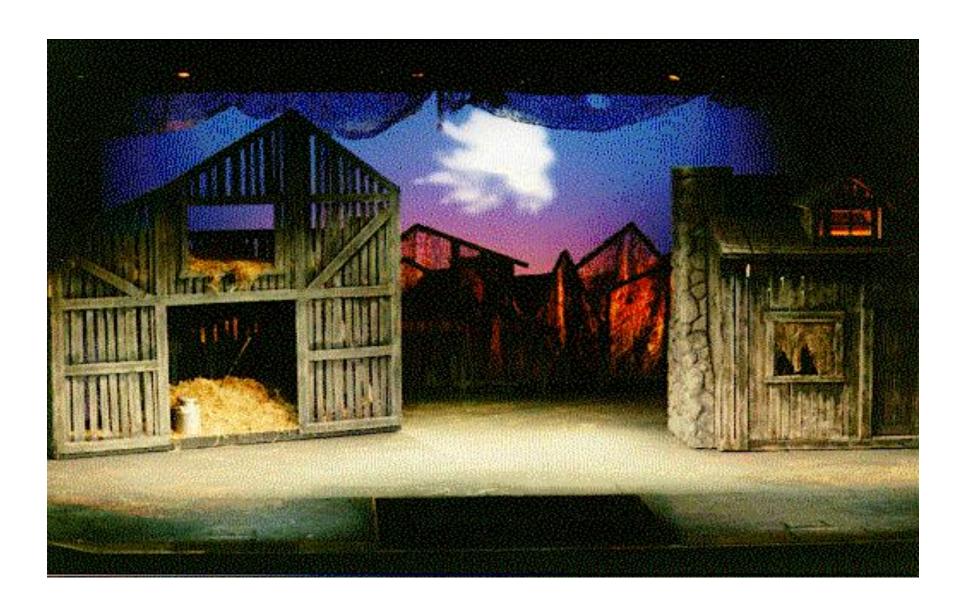














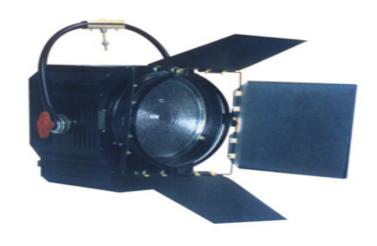






Basic Lighting Equipment

 Ellipsoidal (also called a Leko) – throws strong, focused light from a long distance Fresnel – throws softer light on larger area from a shorter distance



 Scoop Floodlight- lights large areas in strong light



• Par – bright, well focused lighting



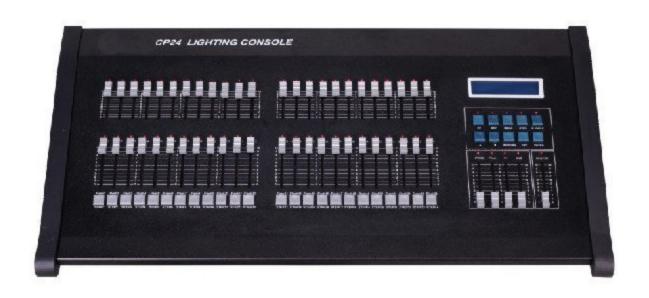
 Followspot – throws bright focused light on a moving actor



 Border Lights / Strip Lights – washes light over a large area



 Lighting Control Board / Dimmer Board — the unit that controls the operation of lights



• Gelatins or gels – color filters for creating

colored light







• Gobos – metal disks with cutouts for creating

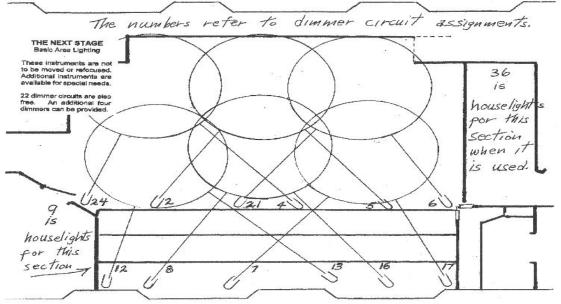
patterns or light





Lighting Cue Sheet vs. Lighting Plot

 Lighting Plot – a floor plan showing the placement of basic lighting and any special lighting; list of what types of lights, where they are, and how to turn them on



 Lighting Cue Sheet – a chart for lighting for a particular show that lists all the changes that will occur during the production

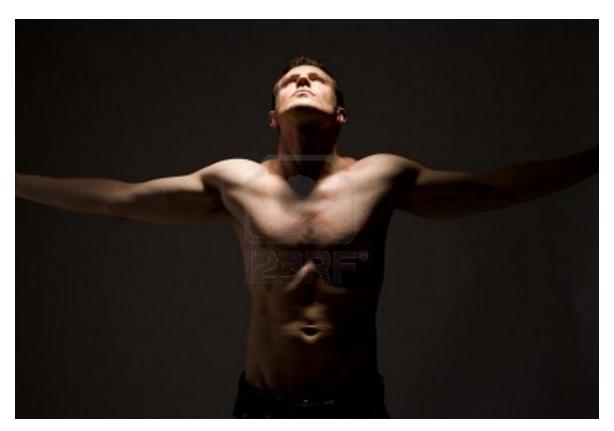
Que	Up	Down	action	Levels	Notes
1	10		<		up over audience & spring wsh
2	4	4	×		dwn aud. Up wsh, sun, cyc.
3			<		up flowers.
4	2	2	×		dwn Spring. up Summer sun & cyc
5			<		up summer wsh
6	4	4	×		dwn Summer, up aut sun & cyc
7			<		up aut wsh
8	5	5	×		dwn aut wsh & flowers. Up winter
9			×		down winter. Up fairies
10			>		down fairys

5 Basic Types of Lighting

 Front Lighting – used for visibility; lights are hung out front



 Down Lighting – lights hang down over the acting areas; provides shadowless lighting when used with other types of illumination



• **Side Lighting** – Lights are hung on the sides of the stage; often used to accent movement



 Back Lighting – lights focused behind the actors to help separate actors from scenery; can be used to create a halo effect



 Background Lighting – Used to focus on the background or scenery and to silhouette actors

